

A40Wx

(420) IKE-DE GAULLE

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE, WHO WOULD LIKE TO SIT DOWN AND TALK, ARE EMBROILED IN A POLITE DIPLOMATIC TUG OF WAR OVER HOW TO ARRANGE A MEETING.

NEITHER, BECAUSE OF PRESTIGE AND OTHER REASONS, APPEARS TO BE WILLING TO MAKE A SPECIAL TRIP TO TALK TO THE OTHER. MEANWHILE, SOME SERIOUS PROBLEMS DISTURBING FRENCH-U. S. RELATIONS CONTINUE TO PILE UP ALTHOUGH TOP AIDES ACKNOWLEDGE A FACE-TO-FACE MEETING BETWEEN THE TWO MEN UNDOUBTEDLY COULD EASE THE STING.

BOTH SIDES APPEAR CONVINCED AN EISENHOWER-DE GAULLE CONFERENCE WILL BE ARRANGED SOMEHOW--SOME TIME. BUT BOTH ARE VAGUE ABOUT WHEN.

DE GAULLE HAS MADE IT KNOWN HE WOULD BE HAPPY TO PLAY HOST TO EISENHOWER--IF THE PRESIDENT WOULD ONLY FLY TO PARIS FOR A FEW DAYS. DE GAULLE SAYS HE'S TOO BUSY TO CONSIDER A TRIP TO WASHINGTON IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

EISENHOWER WOULD BE HAPPY TO TALK THINGS OVER WITH DE GAULLE IN EUROPE, HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE LAST WEEK, BUT ONLY IF HE WAS GOING TO EUROPE ANYWAY ON SOME OTHER DIPLOMATIC ERRAND.

EISENHOWER LEFT THE IMPRESSION HE'S TOO BUSY TO HOP ACROSS THE ATLANTIC FOR A SPECIAL DE GAULLE CONFERENCE.

THIS DIPLOMATIC MANEUVERING ACTUALLY IS A REFLECTION OF MISGIVINGS EISENHOWER AND DE GAULLE HAVE ABOUT EACH OTHER'S POLICIES DESPITE THEIR WORLD WAR II ASSOCIATION.

MOST FOREIGN LEADERS WOULD HAVE NO HESITATION IN ACCEPTING AN EISENHOWER INVITATION TO FLY TO WASHINGTON. BUT DE GAULLE IS BELIEVED DELIBERATELY HOLDING OFF LEST IT APPEAR HE IS GOING HAT IN HAND TO TALK WITH EISENHOWER. THE TOWERING, ALOOF FRENCH GENERAL IS SEEKING TO RESTORE FRANCE TO ITS FORMER POSITION OF WORLD PRESTIGE.

EISENHOWER AND STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE BRACED THEMSELVES FOR A SERIES OF DE GAULLE DEMANDS FOR A GREATER VOICE FOR FRANCE IN ALLIED COUNCILS EVER SINCE THE FRENCH LEADER TOOK OVER AS PRESIDENT. NOW DE GAULLE IS DOING JUST THAT.

IN RECENT WEEKS, DE GAULLE HAS (1) RENEWED HIS PROPOSAL FOR SETTING UP A U. S.-BRITISH-FRENCH "SUPER COUNCIL" WHICH WOULD MASTER-MIND IMPORTANT FOREIGN POLICY DECISIONS AROUND THE GLOBE; (2) DEMAND A VOICE FOR FRANCE IN ANY U. S. DECISION TO USE ATOMIC WEAPONS ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD INCLUDING USE OF BOMBS WHICH WOULD BE STOCK-PILED ON FRENCH SOIL, AND (3) REMOVE FRENCH WARSHIPS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN FROM CONTROL OF THE ATLANTIC PACT MEDITERRANEAN FLEET IN THE EVENT OF WAR.

U. S. OFFICIALS HAVE SOUGHT TO GLOSS OVER THE POTENTIAL IMPACT OF DE GAULLE'S ATTITUDE. THE FRENCH, THEY SAY, ARE CONTINUING TO COOPERATE WITH THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN IN THE CRITICAL MATTER OF NEGOTIATING WITH RUSSIA OVER THE FUTURE OF BERLIN AND GERMANY.

IF DE GAULLE'S ATTITUDE CAUSES U. S. ATOMIC BOMBERS TO BE PULLED OFF FRENCH BASES, THOSE OFFICIALS MAINTAIN IT WOULD MAKE DEFENSE AGAINST SOVIET ATTACK MORE DIFFICULT BUT WOULD NOT CREATE A SERIOUS GAP IN THE ALLIED DEFENSE LINE.

IN THE MEANTIME, THEY ARE HOPING AN EISENHOWER-DE GAULLE MEETING MAY SOFTEN THE FRENCH LEADER'S ATTITUDE.

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Begin June 24 - 1959

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A185

(170)

ROME, JUNE 24 (AP)-PRESIDENTS CHARLES DE GAULLE OF FRANCE AND GIOVANNI GRONCHI OF ITALY ARRIVED IN ROME TONIGHT AFTER A SEVEN-HOUR TRAIN RIDE SPENT REVIEWING WORLD POLITICS.

DE GAULLE IS ON A FIVE-DAY STATE VISIT TO ITALY. ALSO ON THE TRIP FROM MILAN WERE ITALIAN PREMIER ANTONIO SEGNI AND THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF ITALY AND FRANCE.

ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTER GIUSEPPE PELLA TOLD NEWSMEN THE PRINCIPAL TOPICS DISCUSSED BY THE FRENCH AND ITALIAN LEADERS WERE THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE, POSSIBLE NUCLEAR RESEARCH COLLABORATION BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES AND PROBLEMS IN NORTH AFRICA, WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON ALGERIA.

A SOURCE CLOSE TO THE ITALIAN FOREIGN MINISTRY SAID DE GAULLE SOUNDED OUT THE ITALIANS ON THE POSSIBILITY OF SETTING UP A WESTERN MEDITERRANEAN ALLIANCE LINKED TO THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO).

IT WOULD LINK FRANCE, ITALY, MOROCCO AND TUNISIA, HE ADDED. THE SOURCE SAID THE ITALIANS COMMENTED FAVORABLY ON THE IDEA, BUT THE DISCUSSION WAS ON THE LEVEL OF GENERALITIES WITH NO FIRM INDICATION OF WHETHER FRANCE OR ITALY ARE READY TO PUSH ACTIVELY FOR SUCH A PACT.

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A109 (130)

SOLFERINO, ITALY, JUNE 24 (AP)-THE PRESIDENTS OF FRANCE AND ITALY WALKED TOGETHER TODAY OVER NORTH ITALIAN BATTLEFIELDS WHERE TROOPS OF THE TWO COUNTRIES FOUGHT TOGETHER TO DEFEAT AUSTRIA 100 YEARS AGO. THE BATTLES LED ITALY TO UNITY AND INDEPENDENCE.

PRESIDENTS CHARLES DE GAULLE AND GIOVANNI GRONCHI VISITED SOLFERINO, SCENE OF THE BLOODIEST BATTLE OF THE 1859 WAR, AND THEN WENT BY MOTORCADE TO SAN MARTINO, SCENE OF ANOTHER GREAT 1859 BATTLE.

THE BATTLE OF SAN MARTINO, WON BY THE LITTLE STATE OF PIEDMONT UNDER VICTOR EMMANUEL II, AND THE BATTLE OF SOLFERINO, WON BY THE FRENCH OF NAPOLEON III, WERE BOTH FOUGHT ON JUNE 24.

AT NEARBY BRESCIA THE PRESIDENTS WERE GREETED BY TENS OF THOUSANDS PACKED IN THE STREETS AND BY A BLAZE OF FRENCH AND ITALIAN FLAGS.

GEN DE GAULLE ARRIVED IN ITALY FOR A FOUR-DAY VISIT YESTERDAY.

A142Wx (150)

FIRST LEAD HERTER

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)-SENATE LEADERS OF BOTH PARTIES PLEDGED SUPPORT TODAY TO SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER IN HIS BERLIN POLICIES.

DEMOCRATIC LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS TOLD THE SENATE THAT THE COUNTRY IS BEHIND HERTER IN HIS FIRM STAND AGAINST SACRIFICING THE FREEDOM OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN IN ANY AGREEMENT WITH THE RUSSIANS.

REPUBLICAN LEADER EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS SAID HE WAS "NEVER SO PROUD OF OUR SECRETARY OF STATE AS I WAS LAST NIGHT" WHEN HERTER REPORTED TO THE NATION ON THE GENEVA CONFERENCE.

"HE DEMONSTRATED FORCEFULLY THAT HE DESERVES HIS SPURS," DIRKSEN SAID.

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA, ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER, SAID THE STATEMENTS OF JOHNSON AND DIRKSEN "ONCE AGAIN INDICATED TO THE WORLD THAT CONGRESS, REGARDLESS OF PARTY, IS BEHIND SECRETARY HERTER."

SEN. GEORGE D. AIKEN (R-VT), A MEMBER OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID CONGRESS WILL BACK HERTER TO THE HILT WHEN NEGOTIATIONS ARE RESUMED AT GENEVA.

HERTER'S STAND DREW SIMILAR EXPRESSIONS OF SUPPORT FROM HOUSE MEMBERS.

U. S. DIPLOMATS HOPED THE EVIDENCE OF SOLID CONGRESSIONAL BACKING IN BOTH PARTIES WOULD HELP IMPRESS IN COMMUNIST MINDS THE NEED FOR A CHANGE IN MOSCOW'S POLICY IF THERE IS EVER TO BE A PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO THE GERMAN CRISIS.

THE 64-YEAR-OLD HERTER SPOKE GRIMLY LAST NIGHT IN REPORTING TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ON THE SIX WEEKS OF DEADLOCK AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE ON GERMANY. THE NEGOTIATIONS RECESSED LAST SATURDAY UNTIL JULY 13.

IN A 15-MINUTE RADIO-TV SPEECH, THE AMERICAN FOREIGN AFFAIRS CHIEF CALLED ON THE SOVIETS TO ABANDON THEIR DRIVE "TO ADD MORE THAN TWO MILLION FREE WEST BERLINERS TO THE CAPTIVE PEOPLES OF EASTERN EUROPE."

"THIS IS THE CRITICAL QUESTION," HE SAID. "IF THE SOVIETS TO NOT HOLD TO THIS ANNEXATIONIST DESIGN, WE SHOULD BE ABLE TO REACH AGREEMENTS ON BERLIN CONSISTENT WITH THE HONOR AND INTEREST OF ALL OUR COUNTRIES."

THE REDS TOUCHED OFF THE CRISIS BY DEMANDING AN END TO THE POSTWAR ALLIED OCCUPATION OF WEST BERLIN. BRITAIN, FRANCE AND THE UNITED STATES REFUSED TO PULL OUT OF THE COMMUNIST-ENCIRCLED CITY WITHOUT AN ARRANGEMENT FOR ITS FREEDOM. THE SOVIETS REJECTED ALL WESTERN OFFERS.

HERTER LINKED WEST BERLIN'S FREEDOM TO AMERICA'S OWN. "WHEN THEIR FREEDOM IS DIMINISHED, OUR FREEDOM IS INEVITABLY DIMINISHED," HE SAID.

HE PICTURED SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO AS UTTERING THREATS AND "COMMUNIST UPSIDE-DOWN TALK," AIDED BY THE "BENEFICIAL INFLUENCE" OF SPEECHMAKING BY PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW AND ELSEWHERE WHILE THE FOREIGN MINISTERS SAT AT GENEVA.

HE WON WIDESPREAD BACKING FROM CONGRESSMEN.

THE ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER OF THE SENATE, MIKE MANSFIELD OF MONTANA, VOICED HOPE THAT "WITH THE STRAIGHT-FORWARD, HARD HITTING SPEECH BY SECRETARY HERTER, KHRUSHCHEV WILL TAKE THE HINT AND START WORKING IN DIPLOMATIC PRIVACY TOWARD SOME SOLID PROPOSALS TO BE OFFERED WHEN THE FOREIGN MINISTERS TALKS ARE RESUMED AT GENEVA."

THE REPUBLICAN LEADER, SEN. EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS, SAID THE AMERICAN PEOPLE "WILL APPLAUD THE COURAGE, RESOLUTION AND FIRMNESS OF SECRETARY HERTER IN HIS DETERMINATION TO STAND UP FOR THE LIBERTIES OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN."

REP. THOMAS E. MORGAN (D-PA), CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, SAID HERTER IN EFFECT TOLD THE RUSSIANS TO "GO AHEAD AND SEE IF YOU CAN'T COME UP WITH SOMETHING CONCRETE THAT WOULD JUSTIFY A SUMMIT CONFERENCE."

"I FEEL SURE CONGRESS WILL BACK HIM IN THIS ATTITUDE, COUPLED AS IT IS WITH FIRMNESS ON ALLIED RIGHTS IN BERLIN," MORGAN ADDED.

NUMEROUS OTHER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS SIMILARLY SUPPORTED HERTER'S STAND, AND MANY PRAISED HIS PERFORMANCE AT GENEVA.

HERTER SAID "SOME DEGREE OF PROGRESS" MUST BE MADE AT GENEVA IN ORDER TO WARRANT A MEETING OF HEADS OF STATE AFTERWARDS. "REGRETFULLY," HE SAID, "NO SUCH PROGRESS HAS AS YET BEEN REGISTERED AT GENEVA."

ON THE PLUS SIDE--AND THE SECRETARY ACKNOWLEDGED THERE WASN'T MUCH--HE REPORTED THE NEGOTIATIONS HAD:

1. PRODUCED WORLDWIDE APPROVAL OF THE WESTERN POWERS' PLAN FOR SOLVING THE BERLIN PROBLEM, AND THE PROBLEM OF A DIVIDED GERMANY, THROUGH A PEACEFUL REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY WITH BERLIN TO BE THE CAPITAL.
2. DEMONSTRATED A HIGH DEGREE OF UNITY AMONG THE ALLIES.
3. REVEALED POSSIBLE MEANS OF SPECIFIC AGREEMENT WITH THE COMMUNISTS ON BERLIN.

"I BELIEVE THAT IT MAY BE POSSIBLE TO BUILD ON THESE AREAS OF AGREEMENT IF THE SOVIET UNION IS PREPARED TO ACCEPT THE CONTINUED EXISTENCE OF A FREE WEST BERLIN UNDER WESTERN PROTECTION," HE SAID.

DESPITE LACK OF REAL PROGRESS AT GENEVA TO DATE, HERTER SAID HE STILL HOPES FOR A "SERIOUS SECOND THOUGHT" BY THE SOVIETS.

"THE PATH TO A JUST PEACE WILL BE LONG AND DIFFICULT," HE ADDED. "WE WILL CONTINUE WITH THE PATIENCE AND UNDERSTANDING AND FIRMNESS NEEDED TO TRAVEL THAT PATH SO LONG AS IT REMAINS OPEN."

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A171 (200)

WITH WASHN HERTER A14361

LONDON, JUNE 24 (AP)-FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWIN LLOYD SAID TODAY FAILURE OF THE BIG FOUR FOREIGN MINISTERS TO AGREE SO FAR ON BERLIN IS DISAPPOINTING, "BUT I INTEND TO GO ON TRYING."

"IF WE ARE ABLE TO GET AGREEMENT ON BERLIN IT COULD OPEN THE WAY TO AGREEMENT ON WIDER ISSUES," HE SAID IN A REPORT TO THE HOUSE OF COMMONS ON THE GENEVA NEGOTIATIONS.

AFTER SIX WEEKS OF FRUITLESS TALK, THE MINISTERS RECESSED THE CONFERENCE LAST SATURDAY UNTIL JULY 13.

LLOYD SAID THAT IN THE BRITISH VIEW THE WESTERN ALLIES SHOULD NOT SEEK TO STAY ON IN WEST BERLIN FOR MILITARY, PROPAGANDA OR INTELLIGENCE REASONS BUT:

"WE ARE THERE TO MAINTAIN THE RIGHT OF 2,250,000 WEST BERLINERS TO CHOOSE THEIR OWN WAY OF LIFE AND TO PROTECT THEM FROM BEING FORCED OR SQUEEZED INTO SUBMISSION TO A REGIME THAT THEY REJECT."

THE BRITISH STATESMAN, WHO PLAYED A CONCILIATORY ROLE AT GENEVA, SAID HE HOPES THAT WHEN THE TALKS ARE RESUMED THEY WILL LEAD TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

IN CONTRAST WITH SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S RADIO AND TELEVISION REPORT TO AMERICANS LAST NIGHT, LLOYD APPEARED STILL OPTIMISTIC. HERTER IMPLIED THAT PROSPECTS FOR A SUMMIT MEETING SEEMED BLEAK.

ANEURIN BEVAN, SPOKESMAN FOR THE OPPOSITION LABOR PARTY, TOLD THE HOUSE THERE WOULD BE A FEELING OF UNIVERSAL DISMAY IF THE BIG FOUR FAILED TO SET UP A SUMMIT MEETING VERY SOON.

A161

JS113PED

(250)

BY HAL R. COOPER

LONDON, JUNE 24 (AP)-THE LABOR PARTY MADE PUBLIC TODAY ITS PLANE FOR AN INTERNATIONAL NONNUCLEAR CLUB AS A PRELUDE TO WORLD DISARMAMENT.

UNDER THE PLAN, ALL NATIONS THAT DO NOT NOW HAVE NUCLEAR WEAPONS WOULD PLEDGE THEMSELVES NOT TO DEVELOP THEM.

BRITAIN, WHICH HAS DEVELOPED ITS OWN H-BOMB, WOULD THEN "NOT ONLY CEASE THE MANUFACTURE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS BUT WOULD ALSO DEPRIVE HERSELF OF THEIR POSSESSION."

THAT WOULD LEAVE THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION AS THE ONLY POWERS ARMED WITH NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

THE LABOR PARTY ANNOUNCEMENT SAID IF THE NONNUCLEAR CLUB COULD BE FORMED "IT WOULD PAVE THE WAY TOWARDS A COMPREHENSIVE DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT INCLUDING RUSSIA AND THE U.S.A."

THE NONNUCLEAR PLAN WILL BECOME OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT POLICY IF THE LABOR PARTY COMES TO POWER IN THE NEXT NATIONAL ELECTION, EXPECTED IN OCTOBER.

PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S CONSERVATIVE GOVERNMENT HAS REJECTED ALL SUGGESTIONS THAT BRITAIN SURRENDER NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THE PRESENT STATE OF INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS.

CRITICS OF THE LABOR PARTY PLAN HAVE SAID IT COULD BE THWARTED BY A SINGLE NATION -- SAY FRANCE OR RED CHINA -- REFUSING TO JOIN THE CLUB. TO THIS THE LABOR PARTY ANNOUNCEMENT REPLIED:

"WHAT IS IMPORTANT AT THIS STAGE IS TO BRING HOME TO BOTH GOVERNMENTS AND WORLD PUBLIC OPINION THE GRAVITY OF THE PERIL PRESENTED BY THE IMMINENT SPREAD OF THE BOMB, AND THE NEED TO GRAPPLE WITH IT AS SOON AS POSSIBLE."

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NUCLEAR TESTS

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)—CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES WILL HAVE TO GO AHEAD WITH UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR TESTING ON ITS OWN IF THE RUSSIANS DO NOT JOIN IN AN AGREEMENT FOR JOINT TESTS.

MCCONE TOLD A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE SUCH ACTION WOULD BE NECESSARY TO IMPROVE U.S. METHODS OF DETECTING NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. HE SAID THE AEC IS PLANNING PRELIMINARY UNDERGROUND TESTING SOMETIME THIS SUMMER WITH NON-NUCLEAR HIGH EXPLOSIVES.

THEN, HE SAID, IF THE RUSSIANS WILL NOT AGREE IN CURRENT NEGOTIATIONS AT GENEVA TO JOIN IN SUCH TECHNICAL TESTING TO PRODUCE STANDARDS FOR AN AGREEMENT TO BAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING, "WE WILL INITIATE OUR OWN PROGRAM" IN THIS FIELD "AS IT MUST BE DONE."

THE CURRENT MORATORIUM ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING RUNS THROUGH OCTOBER. THE USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TO PERFECT THE EXISTING SYSTEM FOR DETECTION AND IDENTIFICATION OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS COULD NOT BE UNDERTAKEN UNTIL IT ENDS, MCCONE SAID.

BUT HE ADDED THAT THE AEC HOPES TO MAKE SOME PROGRESS THROUGH WORK WITH NON-NUCLEAR HIGH EXPLOSIVES.

MCCONE TOLD THE SUBCOMMITTEE, CONCERNED WITH DISARMAMENT, THAT HE CAME AWAY FROM THE TALKS AT GENEVA LAST WEEK VERY DISCOURAGED. HE SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE SHOWN NO WILLINGNESS TO NEGOTIATE SERIOUSLY ON TECHNICAL RESEARCH TO IMPROVE THE SYSTEM FOR SAFEGUARDING AN AGREEMENT TO BAN WEAPONS TESTING.

"SO FAR THE RUSSIAN NEGOTIATORS HAVE REFUSED TO CONTINUE SOME OF THE MOST VITAL TECHNICAL DISCUSSIONS," MCCONE SAID. "THEY PREFER TO ADHERE TO THE POSITION THAT THE FIRST CONCLUSIONS REACHED BY TECHNICAL EXPERTS IN THE SUMMER OF 1958 MUST BE CONSIDERED AS FINAL."

MCCONE SAID THOSE CONCLUSIONS WERE REACHED ON THE BASIS OF LIMITED DATA AND HAVE BEEN SUPERSEDED BY LATER INFORMATION.

"THERE MUST BE A RESOLUTION OF THE TECHNICAL PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN ESTABLISHING A PROPER AND AGREED METHOD FOR DETECTING AND IDENTIFYING UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS," MCCONE ADDED.

"UNLESS THE SOVIETS AGREE TO SUCH DISCUSSIONS, AND TO THE NECESSARY EXPERIMENTATION AND RESEARCH, NO SATISFACTORY ASSURANCES CAN BE GIVEN THAT ALL PARTIES TO A SUSPENSION AGREEMENT WILL COMPLY AT ALL TIMES."

MCCONE SAID ONE OF THE MOST DIFFICULT PROBLEMS FACED BY THE NEGOTIATORS AT GENEVA IS TO REACH AGREEMENT ON JOINT RESEARCH TO FIND WAYS TO DETECT VIOLATIONS OF ANY WEAPONS TESTING BAN, PARTICULARLY UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS.

HE SAID SCIENTISTS AND ENGINEERS BELIEVE THEY CAN FIND WAYS OF MUFFLING UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS AS HAS BEEN DONE WITH DYNAMITE AND TNT.

"WE BELIEVE, HOWEVER, THAT BY RESEARCH AND STUDY ANSWERS TO THIS PROBLEM CAN BE FOUND," MCCONE SAID.

AS FOR THE UNITED STATES, HE SAID, "WE MUST NOT LAY DOWN OUR ARMS UNTIL WE CAN ASSURE THE PEOPLE OF THE WORLD THAT OTHERS ARE DOING LIKEWISE."

HE AGREED WITH A SUGGESTION THAT THE UNITED STATES IS LAGGING BEHIND RUSSIA IN SPENDING IN THE FIELD OF SEISMOLOGY. HE ALSO TOLD THE COMMITTEE:

1. AN AGREEMENT WITH THE RUSSIANS TO STOP NUCLEAR TESTING WOULD ALLAY FEARS--WHICH SAID ARE PROBABLY GREATLY EXAGGERATED--OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF RADIOACTIVITY OR FALLOUT.

2. IT IS POSSIBLE THAT A SYSTEM OF

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FIVE INSTRUMENTS FOR MEASURING SIGNALS AND REPORTING BACK TO EARTH MAY ONE DAY BE DEVELOPED FOR DETECTING HIGH ALTITUDE NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS. 3. THE UNITED STATES COULD NOT AGREE ON ANY TEST BAN AGREEMENT AT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE EXCEPT ON THE BASIS "OF AGREED SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL FACTS."

RZ1050PED

A68WX (NUCLEAR)

(360) NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR WAR BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)—A SPECIALIST IN HEREDITARY EFFECTS ESTIMATED TODAY THAT AN H-BOMB ATTACK ON THE UNITED STATES NOW COULD KILL OR DISABLE MORE THAN ONE BILLION AMERICANS OF FUTURE GENERATIONS.

DR. JAMES V. NEEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN GENETICS AT THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN MEDICAL SCHOOL DREW THAT PICTURE, WHICH HE CONCEDED WAS AN EXTREME ONE, FOR A SENATE-HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE STUDYING THE EFFECTS OF NUCLEAR WAR.

NEEL EMPHASIZED HIS FORECAST WAS BASED ON VERY ROUGH ESTIMATES AND OVERSIMPLIFICATIONS OF DATA ON BIOLOGICAL CHANGES CAUSED BY RADIATION.

COULD THE HUMAN RACE SURVIVE? NEEL ANSWERED: "IT IS MY OPINION, WHICH CANNOT BE BACKED UP BY ANY CAREFUL CALCULATION, THAT WE CAN SURVIVE, BUT AT THE COST WE HAVE JUST DISCUSSED."

THE COST HE OUTLINED WAS THIS: THE TYPE OF H-BOMB ASSAULT CONCEIVED BY THE SUBCOMMITTEE FOR ITS SURVEY LEFT 40 MILLION SURVIVORS 39 YEARS OLD OR UNDER. THEY WOULD PRODUCE THE NEXT GENERATION, REPLACING THEMSELVES WITH A LIKE NUMBER OF CHILDREN. THIS BIRTH RATE WOULD CONTINUE FOR 30 GENERATIONS, OR ABOUT 1,000 YEARS.

NEEL SAID HIS CALCULATIONS WERE IN NO SENSE A SIGNAL OF DOOM. HIS IDEA WAS THIS: MANY PERSONS NOW HAVE STORED UP BAD GENES WITHOUT ILL EFFECT. MUTATIONS CAUSED BY RADIATION WOULD SIMPLY ADD TO THESE--AND IN IRREGULAR AMOUNTS.

THE DEATH OF ONE PERSON MAY REMOVE FROM THE POPULATION A NUMBER OF ALTERED GENES, THUS REDUCING PERHAPS DRASTICALLY THE TOTAL AFFECTED OVER THE GENERATIONS.

AND MANY OF THOSE WHO DEVELOP DEFECTS MAY STILL CARRY ON NORMAL LIVES, CONTRIBUTING TO SOCIETY.

NEEL OFFERED THESE POSSIBILITIES: AS A LOW ESTIMATE, 240,000 TO 960,000 PERSONS COULD SHOW UP WITH OBVIOUS DEFECTS. AS A HIGH ESTIMATE, 9,600,000 TO 38,400,000 COULD BE SIMILARLY AFFECTED.

IN THE LOW RANGE, FROM 4,800,000 TO 9,600,000 DEATHS COULD OCCUR IN PREGNANCY OR AT BIRTH. IN THE HIGH RANGE, FROM 192 MILLION TO 384 MILLION.

IN THE LOW RANGE, FROM 12 MILLION TO 19,200,000 COULD SUFFER IMPAIRED VIGOR OR FERTILITY. IN THE HIGH, FROM 480 MILLION TO 768 MILLION.

THE HIGHEST ESTIMATES ADD UP TO 1,190,400,000. REP. CRAIG HOSMER (R-CALIF) DEVELOPED THE POINT THAT BY BREAKING DOWN THE LOW ESTIMATE FOR OBVIOUS DEFECTS CREATED BY MUTATIONS, ONLY 8,000 WOULD SHOW UP IN ONE GENERATION OF 40 BIRTHS.

ALL THE LOW ESTIMATES ADDED UP TO 17,040,000 FOR THE 30 GENERATIONS.

DR. HARDIN B. JONES, ASSISTANT DIRECTOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA'S DONNER LABORATORY, IN GIVING HIS APPRAISAL OF A SHATTERING NUCLEAR ASSAULT, BASED IT ON THE PREMISE THAT FROM 5 TO 20 PER CENT OF THE POPULATION SURVIVED BUT ABSORBED ENOUGH RADIATION TO CUT THEIR LIVES BY 11 YEARS.

JONES SAID THERE ALSO MAY BE "A SERIOUS BONE TUMOR PROBLEM FOR U. S. RESIDENTS FROM RADIOSTRONTIUM."

STRONTIUM 90 IS A SUBSTANCE IN RADIOACTIVE FALLOUT FROM NUCLEAR BLASTS THAT IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY CAUSES BONE CANCER.

THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAS IMAGINED THAT AN ENEMY ATTACKED THE UNITED STATES WITH H-BOMBS DELIVERING THE PUNCH OF NEARLY 1 1/2 BILLION TONS OF TNT. BOMBS WOULD RANGE UP TO 10 MEGATONS IN POWER. ONE MEGATON EQUALS THE FORCE OF ONE MILLION TONS OF TNT.

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A86WA

NUCLEAR WAR (240)

BY WHITNEY SHOEMAKER

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)—RADIATION INJURY STICKS WITH ITS VICTIM, A SCIENTIST SAID TODAY, BUT THE SHORTENING OF LIFE BY SMALL RADIATION DOSES MAY BE OVERESTIMATED.

DR. ROBERT R. NEWELL SAID IN TESTIMONY PREPARED FOR A SENATE-HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE THAT THE HUMAN BODY DOES NOT RECOVER COMPLETELY FROM THE KIND OF RADIATION IN THE DUST AND DEBRIS OF AN ATOMIC EXPLOSION.

"ABOUT 10 PER CENT OF THE RADIATION INJURY PERSISTS," NEWELL SAID. "THE REST IS HALF GONE IN A MONTH."

NEWELL DISCUSSED EXTENDED EXPOSURE TO RADIATION AS THE ATOMIC ENERGY SUBCOMMITTEE CONTINUED HEARINGS ON THE EFFECTS OF A HYPOTHETICAL H-BOMB ATTACK ON THE UNITED STATES.

NEWELL IS A CONSULTANT TO THE NAVAL RADIOLOGICAL DEFENSE LABORATORY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

"FROM THE SUBLETHAL DOSE RECEIVED BY THE SURVIVORS OF THE BOMBING," HE SAID, "WE CAN EXPECT SEVERAL YEARS' SHORTENING OF AVERAGE LIFE SPAN. BUT IT WILL BE HARD TO PROVE BECAUSE OF THE VERY GREAT VARIATION IN HUMAN LIFETIMES."

NEWELL ALSO SAID LEUKEMIA CAUSED BY RADIATION "WILL MAKE ONLY A COUPLE PER CENT ADDITION TO THOSE DYING OF ACUTE RADIATION INJURY."

TO SET THE SCENE FOR ITS STUDY, THE SUBCOMMITTEE HAS ASSUMED THAT AN ENEMY SHELLED KEY CITIES AND MILITARY POSTS ACROSS THE COUNTRY WITH NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES CARRYING THE FORCE OF NEARLY 1 1/2 BILLION TONS OF TNT.

DR. WILLIAM T. HAM JR. OF THE MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA SAID A HIGH-POWERED ATTACK WOULD LEAVE MILLIONS OF CASUALTIES WITH SEVERE BURNS FROM BLAST HEAT. MEDICAL FACILITIES COULDN'T HANDLE THEM ALL, HE SAID, AND THE MOST GRAVELY BURNED "WOULD BE GIVEN OPIATES FOR PAIN AND NEGLECTED."

CZ752AED

A100WX

ADVANCE FOR 11 A.M. EST TODAY

(350) FOREIGN AID

BY LEWIS GULICK

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)—PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ASKED CONGRESS TODAY FOR PERMANENT AUTHORIZATION FOR ARMS AID TO AMERICA'S ALLIES, WITH ACTUAL FUNDS TO BE INCLUDED HEREAFTER IN THE REGULAR U.S. DEFENSE BUDGET.

SEN. J.W. FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) AND REP. THOMAS E. MORGAN (D-PA), CHAIRMEN OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE FOREIGN COMMITTEES, PROMPTLY MADE CLEAR CONGRESS WOULD NOT GRANT EISENHOWER'S REQUEST THIS YEAR. PROSPECTS FOR CONGRESS' OKAY AT ANY TIME WERE DOUBTFUL.

EISENHOWER'S PROPOSAL WOULD SPLIT THE LEGISLATION WHICH CONGRESS

HITHERTO HAS ALWAYS PASSED IN A SINGLE YEARLY MILITARY-AND-ECONOMIC AID PACKAGE. THE ARMS ASSISTANCE, UNDER PERMANENT AUTHORIZATION, WOULD BE INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL DEFENSE APPROPRIATION WHICH CARRIES SUMS FOR THE U.S. ARMED FORCES. ECONOMIC AID WOULD REMAIN SEPARATE.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PLEA CAME IN AN ENDORSEMENT EISENHOWER SENT TO CONGRESS OF UNANIMOUS RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE SPECIAL ARMS AID STUDY GROUP HEADED BY WILLIAM H. DRAPER JR., A FORMER UNDER SECRETARY OF THE ARMY. THE SECOND INTERIM REPORT OF THE PRESIDENTIALLY APPOINTED GROUP WAS MADE PUBLIC TODAY.

THE DRAPER COMMITTEE ALSO ADVOCATED A DOZEN REFORMS AIMED AT STRENGTHENING THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S ROLE IN THE MASSIVE OVERSEAS PROGRAM AND AT CUTTING DOWN RED TAPE AND CONFUSION.

EISENHOWER, VOICING "FULL AGREEMENT WITH THE BASIC CONCEPTS" IN THE DRAPER REPORT, SAID HE INTENDS TO CARRY OUT THESE ADMINISTRATIVE REFORMS THROUGH EXECUTIVE BRANCH ACTION SINCE THEY DO NOT REQUIRE CONGRESS' ASSENT.

THE DRAPER COMMITTEE SAID COMMUNISM'S MILITARY THREAT IS NOW GREATER THAN EVER, AND ARMS AID IS AS MUCH A PART OF U. S. DEFENSE AS DOLLARS FOR AMERICAN FORCES.

IN ADVOCATING PERMANENT AUTHORITY FOR ARMS AID, DRAPER SAID: "YOU CANNOT FIGHT A 100 YEARS' WAR, WHICH THIS IS IN A SENSE, BY A YEAR-TO-YEAR AUTHORIZATION, BY A YEAR-TO-YEAR APPROACH."

THE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED PLANNING ARMS AID NOW ON A THREE-YEAR BASIS, LATER ON A FIVE-YEAR BASIS. THE ADMINISTRATION MADE A SIMILAR REQUEST FOR UNLIMITED AID AUTHORITY IN 1957 BUT WAS TURNED DOWN BY CONGRESS.

FULBRIGHT SAID HE PERSONALLY FAVORS PUTTING ARMS AID INTO THE DEFENSE BILL. BUT HE REPORTED THAT HIS COMMITTEE STRONGLY REJECTED THE IDEA WHEN HE OFFERED IT DURING THE GROUP'S APPROVAL LAST WEEK OF A FOUR BILLION DOLLAR FOREIGN AID MEASURE FOR NEXT YEAR.

THE DRAPER COMMITTEE SAID STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS FEEL THE PENTAGON SLIGHTS THEIR POLITICAL GUIDANCE, WHILE MILITARY OFFICERS FEEL THE DIPLOMATS MEDDLE TOO MUCH IN DETAILS OF ARMS AID.

IT PROPOSED THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT POLICYMAKERS GET IN ON MILITARY AID PLANNING IN ITS EARLY STAGES RATHER THAN PECK AT "NUTS AND BOLTS" DETAILS AFTER THE PROGRAM IS WELL ON ITS WAY.

IT ADVOCATED A STRONGER ROLE IN THE AID PROGRAM BY THE U. S. AMBASSADORS OVERSEAS.

CZ/LT901AED

A63AX (BOMARC-NO FW)

(280) PRECEDE WASHINGTON 6561
EGLIN AIR FORCE BASE, FLA., JUNE 24 (AP)—TWO IM-99A BOMARC MISSILES WERE LAUNCHED SUCCESSFULLY TODAY AGAINST A SIMULATED ATTACK BY TWO HIGH-SPEED JET DRONES OVER THE GULF OF MEXICO.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THE 47-FOOT, GROUND-TO-AIR MISSILES MADE PERFECT INTERCEPTIONS OF THEIR TARGETS MORE THAN 100 MILES FROM THE LAUNCHING SITE ON NEARBY SANTA ROSA ISLAND. THEY WERE FIRED WITHIN SECONDS OF EACH OTHER.

THE BOMARCS CARRIED HIGH EXPLOSIVE WARHEADS. THEY CAN BE EQUIPPED WITH NUCLEAR WARHEADS.

THE LAUNCHINGS WERE CONTROLLED BY THE SAGE (SEMI-AUTOMATIC GROUND ENVIRONMENT) SYSTEM OF THE MONTGOMERY AIR DEFENSE SECTOR AT GUNTER AFB, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THE MONTGOMERY SECTOR, 150 MILES NORTH OF THE LAUNCHING SITE, DETECTED THE APPROACH OF THE DRONE TARGETS AND DIRECTED THE INTERCEPTIONS.

THE INTERCEPT RANGE WAS LIMITED BY THE PRESENT EXTENT OF THE EGLIN GULF TEST RANGE, THE AIR FORCE SAID. THE IM-99A HAS BEEN FIRED SUCCESSFULLY IN EXCESS OF 180 MILES AND HAS A CAPABILITY OF INTERCEPTING AN ENEMY TARGET AT MORE THAN 200 MILES.

THE IM-99B, AN IMPROVED MODEL UNDERGOING DEVELOPMENT, HAS A RANGE OF MORE THAN 400 MILES. THE EGLIN GULF TEST RANGE PRESENTLY IS BEING EXTENDED TO A POINT NEAR KEY WEST, FLA. THIS WILL PERMIT BOMARC TEST INTERCEPTIONS AT GREATER DISTANCES ON THE 450-MILE INSTRUMENTED RANGE. TODAY'S TEST MARKED THE THIRD TIME THAT BOMARC MISSILE FIRINGS HAVE BEEN CARRIED OUT SUCCESSFULLY BY THE AIR DEFENSE COMMAND'S SAGE SYSTEM AT GUNTER.

SAGE DEMONSTRATED FOR THE FIRST TIME ON JUNE 5 ITS ABILITY TO SIMULTANEOUSLY CONTROL BOTH MANNED AND UNMANNED INTERCEPTORS IN A TACTICAL SITUATION. IT DIRECTED AN F-101B VODOO IN FIRING AN MB-1 GENIE ROCKET AND A BOMARC IN AN INTERCEPTION OF TWO SUPERSONIC JET DRONES.

THE BOMARC MADE A DIRECT HIT WHILE THE GENIE SCORED A PROGRAMMED NEAR MISS ON ITS TARGET.

A118WX (DOUGLAS CHINA-AHEAD) RV508PES
(150) DOUGLAS

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)-STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS SAID TODAY JUSTICE WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS OF THE SUPREME COURT HAS BEEN REFUSED PERMISSION TO TRAVEL TO COMMUNIST CHINA THIS SUMMER AS A NEWSMAN. AUTHORITATIVE SOURCES SAID THE APPLICATION WAS TURNED DOWN BECAUSE THE JURIST, NOTED FOR HIS MOUNTAIN CLIMBING SUMMER JAUNTS, COULD NOT QUALIFY AS A FULL TIME JOURNALIST. DOUGLAS HAD SAID THE NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE HAD REQUESTED HIM TO DO A PICTURE STORY ON THE CHINESE MAINLAND.

W. AVERELL HARRIMAN, FORMER NEW YORK GOVERNOR, HAS OBTAINED APPROVAL OF SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER FOR A VISIT TO RED CHINA ON THE GROUNDS THAT WRITING IS NOW HIS FULL TIME OCCUPATION. FORMER SECRETARY OF STATE DEAN ACHESON REPRESENTED HARRIMAN IN OBTAINING HERTER'S CONSENT.

HARRIMAN WAS NOTIFIED IN MOSCOW THIS WEEK THAT COMMUNIST CHINA WOULD NOT WELCOME A VISIT FROM HIM THIS YEAR BECAUSE OF EXISTING RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES, BUT ADVISED HIM TO TRY AGAIN NEXT YEAR.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE COMMENT FROM DOUGLAS WHO IS NOW ON A MOUNTAIN CLIMBING TRIP IN NEW ENGLAND. HOWEVER, WELL INFORMED SOURCES SAID HE WAS IRRITATED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S REJECTION OF HIS APPLICATION AND MAY MAKE FURTHER EFFORTS TO HAVE THE DECISION REVERSED.

CR941PED
A156WX
(150) SOVIET EQUIPMENT

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)-SEN. STYLES BRIDGES (R-NH) SAID TODAY THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE HAS VOTED TO BAN THE IMPORTATION OF RUSSIAN SCIENTIFIC, MATHEMATICAL AND TEACHING EQUIPMENT.

BRIDGES, WHO HEADS THE SENATE REPUBLICAN POLICY COMMITTEE, SAID THAT IF CONGRESS APPROVES THE AMENDMENT, WHICH BRIDGES OFFERED, SUCH IMPORTS WOULD BE HALTED WHILE A SURVEY IS MADE OF "THE WHOLE QUESTION OF RUSSIAN ECONOMIC AND PROPAGANDA WARFARE WITH WHICH WE ARE FACED."

BRIDGES SAID IN A STATEMENT HE HAD BEEN ATTACKED BY THE MOSCOW RADIO FOR HIS EFFORTS TO SHUT OFF THE FLOW OF TEACHING EQUIPMENT FROM THE SOVIET UNION.

"THIS IS NOT A MATTER OF FAIR ECONOMIC COMPETITION," HE SAID. "IT IS OBVIOUS FROM THE STUDY THAT I HAVE MADE THAT THIS IS THE FAMILIAR DUMPING TACTIC IN ECONOMIC WARFARE WHEREBY THE SOVIET UNION HOPES NOT ONLY TO UNDERMINE A VITAL INDUSTRY BUT ALSO TO GAIN IMMEASURABLE PROPAGANDA ADVANTAGE THROUGHOUT THE SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES OF THIS COUNTRY."

RZ/CR1133PED

30.24-7515

A101WX
(280) RICKENBACKER
BY ELTON C. FAY

WASHINGTON, JUNE 24 (AP)-CAPT. EDDIE RICKENBACKER, THE INTREPID ACE OF WORLD WAR I, WANTS THE RECORD STRAIGHT. HE SAYS HE SHOT DOWN 27 GERMAN PLANES INSTEAD OF 26.

THE AIR FORCE SAID TODAY THAT RICKENBACKER, NOW 68 AND HEAD OF EASTERN AIRLINES, HAS ASKED THAT HE BE CREDITED WITH AN ADDITIONAL AIRCRAFT IN THAT WAR MORE THAN 40 YEARS AGO.

"THE MATTER WILL BE STUDIED BY THE BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS, WHICH WILL MAKE ITS RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE," THE AIR FORCE SPOKESMAN SAID.

RICKENBACKER WAS A LEADER OF THE FAMOUS "HAT IN THE RING" SQUADRON OF AMERICAN AVIATORS WHO SCORED SO HEAVILY AGAINST THEIR GERMAN COUNTERPARTS IN THE FLIMSY, PRIMITIVE AIRCRAFT OF THE DAY.

EVEN THE NAMES OF THEIR PLANES--SPAD, NIEUPORT, SOPWITH CAMEL, MOTH AND THE GERMAN FOKKER--HAVE AN ANTIQUE, LEGENDARY RING TODAY.

THE AIR FORCE GAVE NO DETAILS OF RICKENBACKER'S REQUEST THAT HIS WORLD WAR I RECORD BE UPPED FROM 26 TO 27 VICTORIES.

BUT A RELIABLE SOURCE SAID A FORMER ADJUTANT OF HIS SQUADRON, NOW WORKING IN THE PANAMA CANAL ZONE, HAD PROVIDED THE AIR FORCE WITH OLD RECORDS PROVING RICKENBACKER HAD DOWN A 27TH ENEMY PLANE IN THE LAST DAYS OF THE WAR.

IN THE CONFUSION OF THE WAR'S END, THE RECORD WAS NOT FORWARDED TO HEADQUARTERS.

THE PLANES OF WORLD WAR I WERE IN THE ARMY'S JURISDICTION. WHEN THE AIR FORCE WAS ESTABLISHED AS AN INDEPENDENT UNIT IN 1947, MOST INDIVIDUAL RECORDS WERE TURNED OVER TO IT. A SPOKESMAN SAID IT MIGHT BE WEEKS OR MONTHS BEFORE THE RECORDS CORRECTION BOARD MAKES ITS RECOMMENDATION.

THE HIGH U. S. SCORE ROLLED UP BY "CAPTAIN EDDIE'S" MACHINE GUNS HAS SINCE BEEN SURPASSED. IN WORLD WAR II MAJ. RICHARD BONG WAS CREDITED WITH SHOOTING DOWN 40 ENEMY PLANES, AND COL. FRANCIS S. GABRESKI HAD 31.

BUT RICKENBACKER WAS THE FIRST U. S. MILITARY ACE OF THE AIR AGE. LT907AED NM

A114 340

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS
BY K.C.HWANG

(ADVANCE)...PANMUNJOM, KOREA, JUNE 24 (AP)-NINE YEARS AGO TOMORROW COMMUNIST TANKS SLASHED ACROSS THE 38TH PARALLEL IN A LIGHTNING BID TO CONQUER SOUTH KOREA.

THE QUESTION OF THE FATE OF 2,147 MISSING UNITED NATIONS PRISONERS OF WAR STILL HANGS OVER THE OLD BATTLEFIELDS.

ONLY A THIN THREAD OF HOPE REMAINS THAT ANY COULD HAVE SURVIVED IMPRISONMENT, TORTURE AND BRAINWASHING.

BUT THEIR STORY REFUSES TO DIE.

IT IS KNOWN TO EVERY SOLDIER MANNING A GUN POSITION ALONG THE 200-MILE-LONG TRUCE ZONE OF THE UNSETTLED WAR, A TENSE DEMILITARIZED BARRIER 2 1/2 MILES WIDE ACROSS THE FERTILE WAIST OF KOREA.

THE U.N. COMMAND (UNC) REPEATEDLY HAS DEMANDED A FINAL ACCOUNTING FROM NORTH KOREAN OFFICIALS AT MEETINGS OF THE MILITARY ARMISTICE COMMISSION (MAC). EACH TIME THE COMMUNISTS HAVE SNAPPED, "NO INFORMATION."

MASKED BY THAT FUTILE EXCHANGE IS THE MYSTERY OF WHAT HAPPENED TO 452 AMERICANS, 20 BRITISH SOLDIERS, 9 AUSTRALIANS, 8 SOUTH AFRICANS, 4 TURKS, 3 FROM BELGIUM AND LUXEMBOURG, 2 COLOMBIANS, 1 GREEK AND 1,648 KOREANS. ALL ONCE KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN IN COMMUNIST HANDS.

DOCUMENTED CASES OF THREE MEN MAKE THE U.N. COMMAND BELIEVE THE COMMUNISTS KNOW MORE THAN THEY WILL TELL.
THE THREE ARE MAJ. SAMUEL P. LOGAN, 1651 COURTLAND DR., NASHVILLE, TENN., CAPT. HARRY D. MORELAND AND PVT. ARCHIE WALKER (NO ADDRESSES AVAILABLE).

U.S. REAR ADM. IRA H. NUNN, SENIOR DELEGATE OF THE COMMAND, TOLD THE NORTH KOREAN DELEGATION LAST JAN. 22:

"MAJ. LOGAN WAS THE PILOT OF A . . . B29 AIRCRAFT THAT WAS SHOT DOWN BY YOUR SIDE SEPT. 9, 1950. LATER THAT YEAR, THE SOVIET AGENCY SOVFOTO RELEASED A PHOTOGRAPH OF LOGAN WITH A STATEMENT THAT HE HAD BEEN TAKEN PRISONER BY YOUR FORCES. HOWEVER, YOUR SIDE STATED YOU HAD NO DATA."

MORELAND, AN ARMY PILOT, WAS SHOT DOWN IN OCTOBER 1952. NUNN SAID IT IS KNOWN HE LOST A LEG WHEN HIS PLANE CRASHED AND THAT HIS OTHER LEG WAS AMPUTATED IN APRISON CAMP LATER. THE COMMUNISTS DECLARE HE ESCAPED.

OF WALKER, NUNN SAID:

"ON MARCH 28, 1951, YOUR SIDE BROADCAST RADIO MESSAGES TO MOTHERS OF A NUMBER OF PRISONERS. . . ONE WAS TO MRS. VERGIL M. WALKER, MOTHER OF PVT. ARCHIE WALKER. . ."

NUNN BELIEVED SOME OF THE MISSING MEN MIGHT HAVE SURVIVED, ALTHOUGH HE FEARED MOST WERE DEAD. THE PRESENT SENIOR DELEGATE, MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM S. BIDDLE, SAYS "I FEEL MANY . . . IF NOT ALL MAY BE DEAD."

STILL IT IS LIKELY THE FATE OF SOME OF THE MISSING WILL SOME DAY BE KNOWN. TWO YEARS AGO THE BODIES OF TWO AMERICAN SOLDIERS WERE TURNED OVER BY THE COMMUNISTS. AND 337 SOUTH KOREANS KIDNAPED DURING THE WAR WERE DISCOVERED STILL ALIVE IN NORTH KOREA BY THE NORTH KOREAN RED CROSS.

(END ADVANCE FOR WEDNESDAY PMS; MOVED JUNE 23)

WD/EF/RP939AED

W122

(130)

GENEVA, JUNE 24 (AP)-JAPANESE AND NORTH KOREAN RED CROSS NEGOTIATORS REACHED FULL AGREEMENT HERE TODAY ON PLANS FOR REPATRIATION OF SOME OF THE 600,000 KOREANS IN JAPAN TO COMMUNIST NORTH KOREA.

DETAILS WERE WITHHELD. THE TWO DELEGATIONS, WHO HAD DEBATED ASPECTS OF THE REPATRIATION FOR 2 1/2 MONTHS, DECIDED NOT TO MAKE THE AGREEMENT PUBLIC UNTIL IT IS APPROVED BY THE INTERNATIONAL RED CROSS COMMITTEE.

SOUTH KOREA OPPOSES THE MOVEMENT BITTERLY, CONTENDING IT HAS JURISDICTION OVER ALL KOREANS IN JAPAN.

IN SEOUL, PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE ASKED GEN. ALFRED M. GRUENTHER, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS WHO IS NOW VISITING SOUTH KOREA, TO HELP BLOCK THE PROJECT.

JAPANESE SECURITY OFFICIALS ESTIMATE THAT BETWEEN 30,000 AND 40,000 KOREANS MAY MOVE FROM JAPAN TO NORTH KOREA. MANY ARE UNEMPLOYED. COMMUNIST OFFICIALS HAVE PROMISED THEM JOBS.

MJ1036AED

A30

PRECEDENCE PARIS GOVERNORS DAY (330)

BY MORRIS ROSENBERG

MOSCOW, JUNE 24 (AP)-NINE GOVERNORS FROM THE UNITED STATES ARRIVED BY PLANE FROM PARIS TONIGHT TO BEGIN A TOUR OF THE SOVIET UNION.

THEY WERE GREETED AT VNUKOVO AIRPORT OUTSIDE MOSCOW BY ALEXANDER KUZNETSOV, VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE SOVIET COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL RELATIONS. THEY THEN WERE WHISKED OFF IN A FLEET OF LIMOUSINES TO THE SOVETSKAYA HOTEL, WHERE IMPORTANT GUESTS OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT OFTEN ARE LODGED.

THE GOVERNORS RESTED TONIGHT. AN INTENSIVE SIGHTSEEING SCHEDULE BEGINS THURSDAY MORNING.

ON THE 30-MILE RUN IN FROM THE AIRPORT, GUIDES POINTED OUT NEW, HUGE HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS THAT VISITORS ALWAYS ARE SHOWN.

AHEAD OF THE GROUP BEFORE A TOUR OF EIGHT OR NINE SOVIET REPUBLICS ENDS IS A CROWDED SCHEDULE OF VISITS TO FACTORIES, FARMS, THEATERS AND SCIENCE INSTITUTES. THEY ALSO WILL FLY OVER HUGE NEW INDUSTRIAL COMPLEXES BEING BUILT IN KAZAKHSTAN.

GOV. LEROY COLLINS OF FLORIDA, CHAIRMAN OF THE GOVERNORS' CONFERENCE, OUTLINED THE PURPOSE OF THE VISIT IN A STATEMENT TO KUZNETSOV AND MOSCOW RADIO AT THE AIRPORT ON HIS ARRIVAL.

GOV. ROBERT H. SMYLLIE (R-IDAHO) TOLD A REPORTER HE WAS INTRIGUED BY THE FOREST AND FARM PLANTING PATTERN HE PASSED OVER ON THE WAY TO MOSCOW. THE LAST HOUR OF THE TRIP WAS SUNNY AND THE VISITORS GOT A GOOD VIEW OF THE COUNTRYSIDE.

SMYLLIE ADDED THAT HE WAS MOST INTERESTED IN HIGHWAY ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENTS.

SOVIET PHOTOGRAPHERS SWARMED AROUND THE GOVERNORS. ALMOST LOST IN THE EXCITEMENT WAS SOL HUOK, WHO ARRIVED FOR THE FINAL REHEARSALS OF A SONG AND DANCE COMPANY HE IS TAKING TO THE UNITED STATES FOR MADISON SQUARE GARDEN PERFORMANCES IN JULY.

ON THE EDGE OF THE CROWD, HUOK WAS GREETED WITH KISSES BY BALLERINA GALINA ULANOVA AND GEORGY ORVID, THE BOLSHOI BALLET CHIEF.

WITH THE GROUP OF GOVERNORS WAS KENNETH HOLLAND OF THE INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION THAT ARRANGED THE TOUR, AND JOHN IVEY, EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT OF NEW YORK UNIVERSITY.

AMONG THE GREETERS WAS THE U.S. EMBASSY MINISTER, EDWARD FREERS, WHO HAD JUST ARRIVED FROM THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE. THE GOVERNORS' GROUP LEAVES FOR LENINGRAD SATURDAY NIGHT AND RETURNS JULY 13.

FORMER NEW YORK STATE GOV. W. AVERELL HARRIMAN GREETED THE VISITING GOVERNORS AT THEIR HOTEL. HARRIMAN ENDS HIS TOUR OF THE SOVIET UNION FRIDAY.

THE TOURISTS RETIRED EARLY AFTER EATING A HEAVY RUSSIAN MEAL. A RUSSIAN JAZZ BAND PLAED WHILE THEY DINED.

THE NINE GOVERNORS ON THE TRIP ARE COLLINS; SMYLLIE; GEORGE D. CLYDE, UTAH; JOHN E. DAVIS, NORTH DAKOTA; LUTHER H. HODGES, NORTH CAROLINA; ROBERT B. MEYNER, NEW JERSEY; STEPHEN L.R. MCNICHOLS, COLORADO; WILLIAM G. STRATTON, ILLINOIS, AND CECIL H. UNDERWOOD, WEST VIRGINIA.

DY934PED

E35-S48-G13 (120)

MOSCOW, JUNE 24 (AP)-W. AVERELL HARRIMAN TALKED WITH NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV AT THE SOVIET PREMIER'S VILLA FAR INTO THE NIGHT, AN AIDE OF THE FORMER NEW YORK GOVERNOR SAID TODAY.

HARRIMAN AND KHRUSHCHEV CONFERRED AT THE KREMLIN FOR 90 MINUTES YESTERDAY. LATER THEY HAD DINNER AT KHRUSHCHEV'S COUNTRY HOUSE OUTSIDE MOSCOW.

CHARLES THAYER, A FORMER U.S. EMBASSY AIDE HERE WHO HAS BEEN ACCOMPANYING HARRIMAN ON A SIX-WEEK TOUR OF THE SOVIET UNION, SAID

HARRIMAN HAD NO STATEMENT TO MAKE AS YET ABOUT HIS MEETING WITH KHRUSHCHEV. HARRIMAN HAS SCHEDULED A NEWS CONFERENCE HERE ON THURSDAY, HOWEVER.

HARRIMAN WAS TO SEE OFFICIALS OF THE BRITISH EMBASSY FOR LUNCH TODAY AND THEN MEET MEMBERS OF THE SOVIET ACADEMY OF SCIENCE. LATER HE WILL BE THE GUEST OF HONOR AT A COCKTAIL PARTY GIVEN BY THE STATE COMMITTEE FOR CULTURAL RELATIONS. HE LEAVES FOR PARIS ON FRIDAY.

HW939AED

S21AB

MOSCOW, JUNE 24 (AP)-U. AVERELL HARRIMAN AND SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAD DINNER TOGETHER LAST NIGHT.

THE ATMOSPHERE WAS WARM AND FRIENDLY, ACCORDING TO THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS.

THE FORMER NEW YORK GOVERNOR WAS KHRUSHCHEV'S GUEST AT THE PREMIER'S VILLA OUTSIDE MOSCOW. OTHER GUESTS INCLUDED FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO, AND DEPUTY PREMIERS FROL KOZLOV AND ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN.

S22HW440AED

A50

(350)
BERLIN, JUNE 24 (AP)-KLAUS FUCHS DISAPPEARED BEHIND THE IRON CURTAIN LAST NIGHT SAYING HE BEARS NO GRUDGE AGAINST THE BRITISH FOR HIS NINE YEARS IN PRISON AS AN ATOM SPY. THE GERMAN-BORN SCIENTIST WAS HUSTLED OUT OF ENGLAND YESTERDAY AFTER HIS RELEASE FROM A 14-YEAR SENTENCE FOR HANDING SECRETS OF THE ATOMIC BOMB TO RUSSIA. HE HAD BEEN STRIPPED OF HIS NATURALIZED BRITISH CITIZENSHIP UPON HIS CONVICTION, AND THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT DID NOT TRY TO PREVENT HIM FROM JOINING HIS FATHER IN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

NEWSMEN WERE BARRED FROM SPEAKING TO FUCHS DURING HIS LAST HOURS IN ENGLAND. BUT SEVERAL BOOKED SEATS ABOARD THE POLISH AIRLINER THAT FLEW HIM TO GERMANY AND REPORTED THEIR INTERVIEWS WITH HIM TODAY.

"I WISH TO SAY THAT I BEAR NO RESENTMENT WHATEVER AGAINST BRITAIN OR ANY OF THE WESTERN COUNTRIES FOR WHAT HAS HAPPENED, Z THE 47-YEAR-OLD PHYSICIST SAID.

"I WOULD ALSO SAY THAT I AM PLEASED TO BE GOING TO THE (EAST) GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC. BUT ABOUT MY FUTURE PLANS I HAVE MADE NO DEFINITE ARRANGEMENTS."

HE WOULD ONLY SAY HE IS REJOINING HIS 84-YEAR-OLD FATHER, DR. EMIL FUCHS, A PROFESSOR OF THEOLOGY IN LEIPZIG.

OF HIS YEARS BEHIND BARS, FUCHS SAID: "OF COURSE, IN PRISON I HAD TO ALTER MY PHILOSOPHY OF OUTLOOK. AFTER ALL, IT IS SO DIFFERENT FROM LIFE OUTSIDE. I READ A LOT AND THIS WAS MY ONLY HOBBY."

30.24-7517

THE NUCLEAR SCIENTIST SAID HE KNEW OF DEVELOPMENTS IN HIS FIELD ONLY FROM THE NEWSPAPERS. HE ADDED THAT PRISON AUTHORITIES HAD NOT CENSORED THE PAPERS THEY ALLOWED HIM TO READ.

ASKED IF HE HAD WORKED OUT ANY NUCLEAR PROBLEMS, FUCHS SMILED AND TOLD THE NEWSMEN: "WHERE WOULD YOU EXPECT ME TO MAKE CALCULATIONS? ON THE BACK OF MY PRISON LAUNDRY SLIPS?"

FUCHS WORKED WITH BRITISH AND AMERICAN SCIENTISTS ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE ATOMIC BOMB AND AT THE TIME OF HIS ARREST WAS CHIEF OF THEORETICAL PHYSICS AT BRITAIN'S HARWELL NUCLEAR RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT. SCIENTISTS SAY IT WILL TAKE HIM SOME TIME TO CATCH UP WITH THE LATEST DEVELOPMENTS IN THE EXPANDING FIELD OF NUCLEAR ENERGY.

ASKED WHAA HE THOUGHT ABOUT EAST-WEST POLITICAL CONFLICTS, FUCHS SAID: "THE TROUBLE ARISES WHEN PEOPLE BEGIN TO BELIEVE LIES OF THEIR OWN MAKING."

NEWSMEN PRESSED HIM TO ELABORATE BUT HE DECLINED POLITELY AND SAID: "NOW, IF YOU DON'T MIND, I WOULD LIKE TO REST."

FUCHS TODAY WAS REPORTED TO HAVE SETTLED DOWN FOR A SUMMER HOLIDAY WITH HIS FATHER IN A TINY LAKESIDE COTTAGE AT WANDLITZSEE, A FEW MILES NORTH OF BERLIN. THEY WERE REPORTED SEEING A FEW CLOSE FRIENDS.

"THE PRESS MUST LEAVE US ALONE," THE FATHER TOLD A FRIEND. "THEY HAVE HAD THEIR SENSATION."

AN INFORMANT SAID THE YOUNGER FUCHS HAS BEEN OFFERED A JOB TEACHING MATHEMATICS AND PHILOSOPHY AT KARL MARX UNIVERSITY IN LEIPZIG.

G727AED

A93

(170)
TOKYO, JUNE 24 (AP)-DEFENSE LAWYERS TODAY CHALLENGED THE IMPARTIALITY OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE JAPANESE SUPREME COURT IN HIS CONSIDERATION OF THE RIGHT OF AMERICAN MILITARY BASES TO REMAIN ON JAPANESE SOIL.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENT SEVEN JAPANESE ACQUITTED BY A LOWER COURT ON CHARGES OF BREAKING INTO AN AMERICAN AIR BASE. THE COURT RULED MARCH 30 THAT THE DEFENDANTS WERE INNOCENT BECAUSE THE PRESENCE OF U.S. BASES AND FORCES IN JAPAN IS UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

THE GOVERNMENT APPEALED TO THE SUPREME COURT TO REVERSE THE DECISION, WHICH IF UPHOLD COULD SPELL THE END OF THE UNITED STATES' ELABORATE SYSTEM OF BASES IN JAPAN.

THE LOWER COURT BASED ITS DECISION ON ARTICLE 9 OF THE POSTWAR, U.S.-WRITTEN CONSTITUTION WHICH OUTLAWS WAR AS AN INSTRUMENT OF NATIONAL POLICY. THE GOVERNMENT AND THE UNITED STATES CONSIDER THAT U.S. FORCES IN JAPAN AND JAPANESE FORCES RAISED SINCE THE WAR ARE FOR DEFENSE PURPOSES AND NOT TO WAGE AGGRESSIVE WAR.

THE DEFENSE LAWYERS CLAIMED CERTAIN STATEMENTS CHIEF JUSTICE KOTARA TANAKA MADE IN THE PAST INDICATE HE IS "PREJUDICED WITH REGARD TO THE ISSUE AT HAND."

THEY MADE PUBLIC WHAT THEY SAID WERE QUOTES FROM A 1950 NEW YEAR STATEMENT SAYING "... BEFORE ONE CRITICIZES THE (SAN FRANCISCO) PEACE TREATY AND THE U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY PACT, ONE SHOULD FIRST INQUIRE INTO THE MOTIVATIONS OF THE COMMUNIST NATIONS. ..."

DR828AED

A163KX

(130) TRAWLER

ANCHORAGE, ALASKA, JUNE 24 (AP)-A 600-TON RUSSIAN FISHING TRAWLER WAS SIGHTED MONDAY DEEP IN THE GULF OF ALASKA ABOUT 90 MILES SOUTH OF

SEWARD, A VETERAN TUG CAPTAIN REPORTED HERE TODAY.

CAPT. TOM KING SAID HE SPOTTED THE TRAWLER AND ONCE GOT WITHIN 300 YARDS OF IT AS HE MADE A TRIP FROM SEATTLE TO ANCHORAGE.

KING SAID HE STUDIED THE SHIP CLOSELY THROUGH BINOCULARS. "THEY WERE LOOKING ME OVER, TOO," HE SAID.

KING ALSO REPORTED HEARING A REPORT OVER HIS SHIP'S RADIO SEVERAL HOURS AFTER SIGHTING THE VESSEL THAT A UNIDENTIFIED SUBMARINE WAS SPOTTED IN THE DRY BAY AREA OF THE GULF OF ALASKA, ABOUT 420 MILES SOUTHEAST OF SEWARD.

THE REPORT, HE SAID, WAS SENT FROM THE AMERICAN BOAT LONE FISHERMAN TO THE COAST GUARD AT KODIAK, ALASKA. THE NAVY AT SAN FRANCISCO SAID TODAY IT WAS INVESTIGATING A REPORT BY THE LONE FISHERMAN THAT IT HAD SIGHTED AN OBJECT LAST NIGHT.

THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION OF THE TIME DIFFERENCE IN THE TWO REPORTS.

DV958PCS

E46NY

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., JUNE 24 (AP)-RADIO STATION CJON SAID TODAY TWO SEAMEN DESERTED FROM A RUSSIAN FISHING VESSEL DOCKED HERE AND HAVE ASKED THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT FOR ASYLUM.

THE REPORT QUOTES OFFICIALS OF THE CITIZENSHIP AND IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT AS SAYING THE APPLICATION FOR ASYLUM WAS MADE BY VILNIS BETHOLD AND ADOLPH PLONIS, LATVIAN FISHERMEN. THEY WERE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY CANADIAN OFFICIALS MONDAY NIGHT.

THE TWO MEN DISAPPEARED FROM THE RUSSIAN TRAWLER NEMEN SATURDAY NIGHT. THE VESSEL IS STILL AT HER BERTH AND THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION WHEN SHE WILL LEAVE.

CAPT. A. GAILITZ, SKIPPER OF THE NEMEN, SAID YESTERDAY THAT 700 POUNDS STERLING WAS MISSING FROM THE SHIP. HE HAS NOT FILED A POLICE COMPLAINT, HOWEVER.

DC645PED

B33BA (G-Q)

APWS

BALTIMORE, JUNE 24 (AP)-A FORMER FRENCH PREMIER, MAURICE BOURGES-MAUNOURY, SAYS RUSSIAN INFLUENCE IN THE MIDDLE EAST WOULD HAVE BEEN WIPED OUT "IF THE SUEZ AFFAIR HAD BEEN PUSHED TO A CONCLUSION."

HOWEVER, THE INVASION OF EGYPT BY FRANCE, BRITAIN AND ISRAEL IN 1956 AT LEAST REDUCED THE PRESTIGE OF EGYPT IN THE EYES OF THE MIDDLE EAST AND THE SOVIET UNION, BOURGES-MAUNOURY SAID AT A FRENCH-ISRAEL FETE HERE LAST NIGHT.

BOURGES-MAUNOURY WAS DEFENSE MINISTER AT THE TIME OF THE SUEZ CAMPAIGN AND WAS PREMIER FOR THREE MONTHS IN 1957.

DM643AED NM

B74KX Q

(210)

(ADVANCE FOR RELEASE EXPECTED ABOUT 11:45 A.M. EST, TODAY)

(ADVANCE) DENVER, JUNE 24 (AP)-ADMIRAL ARLEIGH BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, SAID TODAY "WORLD CONDITIONS DEMAND THE READINESS OF ALL AMERICAN CITIZENS."

IN AN ADDRESS PREPARED FOR THE RESERVE OFFICERS ASSN., BURKE SAID CITIZENS MUST HAVE "READINESS TO WITHSTAND THE PRESSURES OF COMMUNIST-INSPIRED CRISES--AND READINESS TO RESIST FORCE ON WHATEVER SCALE THE COMMUNISTS ATTEMPT TO USE IT"

BURKE SAID "WE ARE READY, IF NEED BE, TO DEFEAT SOVIET FORCES. BUT THOSE PHYSICAL FORCES ARE NOT THE ONLY THREAT WE FACE. WE MUST ALSO DEFEAT COMMUNISM."

"READINESS IS THUS A STATE OF MIND, A MATTER OF SPIRIT, OF WILL AND STAMINA. READINESS IS A MATTER OF NATIONAL CHARACTER AND THE STAUNCH ADVOCACY OF THE IDEALS AND PRINCIPLES WHICH ARE THE FOUNDATION OF OUR COUNTRY."

BURKE SAID THE SOLID FUEL BALLISTIC MISSILE POLARIS IS "ANOTHER EXAMPLE OF THE PROGRESS WE ARE MAKING IN STRENGTHENING OUR POWER AT SEA."

"THESE MISSILES, COUPLED WITH THE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE, WILL GIVE US A MOST ADVANCED AND VIRTUALLY INVULNERABLE MEGATON WEAPON DELIVERY SYSTEM," HE SAID. "WE ARE CONSIDERING PUTTING THESE MISSILES ABOARD OUR CRUISERS AS WELL IN THE FUTURES."

BURKE SAID POLARIS SUBMARINES "CAPABLE OF LYING SUBMERGED FOR WEEKS WITH THEIR DEADLY MISSILES LOADED AND READY TO BE FIRED AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE, WILL GIVE PAUSE TO ANY AGGRESSOR CONTEMPLATING THE INITIATION OF GENERAL NUCLEAR WAR."

HU827ACS

B130CX Q

(130) NORMAL, ILL., JUNE 24 (AP)-A BRAZILIAN DIPLOMAT SAID TONIGHT THAT THE EXCESSIVE POPULATION GROWTH OF ASIAN COUNTRIES--PARTICULARLY IN RED CHINA--PRESENTS A FAR GREATER DANGER TO MANKIND THAN ATOMIC WEAPONS.

THE DIPLOMAT, DR. BENJAMIN COHEN, FORMER UNDER-SECRETARY OF THE UNITED NATIONS, SPOKE AT AN ILLINOIS STATE NORMAL UNIVERSITY CONFERENCE ON PUBLIC ISSUES.

"BY THE YEAR 2,000 THERE WILL BE ONE BILLION RED CHINESE COMPARED TO THE 650 MILLION AT PRESENT," COHEN SAID. "THOSE ASIANS WILL POUR INTO ALL THE REMAINING HABITABLE SPOTS ON THE GLOBE IN A POPULATION EXPLOSION WHICH WILL OVERCROWD THE EARTH."

COHEN CALLED FOR EDUCATION OF PEOPLE IN THE UNDERDEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO WHAT HE CALLED THE DANGER OF EXCESSIVE POPULATION GROWTH AND THE ECONOMIC ABILITY TO AVOID IT.

HE CALLED FOR A STRONGER UN, SAYING THAT COUNTRIES SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED TO MAKE GREATER USE OF UN MACHINERY TO SETTLE DISPUTES.

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A153

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., JUNE 24 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES TODAY SIGNED AN INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT FOR THE DUTY-FREE IMPORT OF BOOKS, ART WORKS, MUSEUM EXHIBITS AND OTHER CULTURAL ITEMS.

THIRTY-ONE COUNTRIES HAVE BECOME PARTIES TO THE AGREEMENT, ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE U.N. EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION IN FLORENCE, ITALY, IN 1950.

THE SENATE STILL MUST APPROVE THE U.S. RATIFICATION.

MM1125PED

END — JUNE 24, 1959